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TITLE OF INVENTION CHECKING DEVICE AND RECORDING MEDIUM FOR CHECKING THE IDENTIFICATION OF AN OPERATOR

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Hideo SUZUKI

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1.  This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2.  This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3.  This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
4.  A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5.  A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))
  - a.  is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
  - b.  has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
  - c.  is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6.  A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
7.  Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))
  - a.  are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
  - b.  have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
  - c.  have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
  - d.  have not been made and will not be made.
8.  A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
9.  An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).
10.  A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).

Items 11. to 16. below concern document(s) or information included:

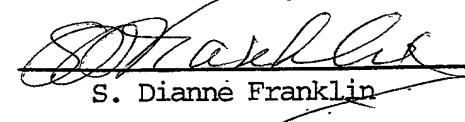
11.  An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
12.  An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
13.  A FIRST preliminary amendment.
- A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.
14.  A substitute specification.
15.  A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
16.  Other items or information:
  - Form PCT/IPEA/401 (DEMAND)
  - Form PCT/ISA/210 (INTL. SEARCH REPORT)
  - Form PCT/IPEA/416 (NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF INTL. PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT)
  - FORMAL DRAWINGS (6 sheets - Figs. 1-6B)

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17.  The following fees are submitted:

BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)):

514 Rec'd \$840.00

Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO .....

International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) \$670.00

No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) ..... \$760.00

Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO ..... \$970.00

International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4) ..... \$ 96.00

## ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =

\$ 840.00

Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than  20  30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).

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CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	
Total claims	15 - 20 =	0	\$ 18.00	\$
Independent claims	6 - 3 =	3	\$ 78.00	\$ 234.00
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable)	0		+ 260.00	\$
<b>TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =</b>				<b>\$ 1074.00</b>
Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).				\$
<b>SUBTOTAL =</b>				<b>\$ 1074.00</b>
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).				\$
<b>TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =</b>				<b>\$ 1074.00</b>
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property				+ \$ 40.00
<b>TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =</b>				<b>\$ 1114.00</b>
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a.  A check in the amount of \$ 1114.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.b.  Please charge my Deposit Account No. \_\_\_\_\_ in the amount of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.c.  The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 06-1378. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

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REGISTRATION NUMBER

## DESCRIPTION

Checking device and recording medium for checking the identification of an operator

## Technical Field

5 The present invention relates to a checking device for checking the operator of information equipment, and a recording medium which stores programs for working a computer as such a checking device.

## Background Art

Of late, information equipment like a personal computer, an input 10 portable terminal, etc. has become widely used.

In general, such information equipment is designed so that users can be restricted by checking passwords, in order to prevent information from being accessed by unauthorized persons.

However, the input of passwords is troublesome. This is so 15 especially in the case of a pen input portable terminal with no keyboard.

## Disclosure of Invention

It is accordingly an object of the present invention to facilitate an operation for checking the operator who uses information equipment.

According to one aspect of the present invention, there is provided a 20 checking device for checking an operator, comprising:

storage means for storing in advance an image and a location of at least one checking point set to the image;

display means, having a display screen, for displaying the image; designation means for designating any point on the display screen of 25 the display means; and

checking control means for making the display means display the image stored in the storage means in order to check the operator (to check

whether the operator has a right to use the information equipment), detecting that any point on the display screen of the display means has been designated by the designation means, and determining that checking is O.K (i.e. the operator has a right to use the information equipment).

5 when a location of the point designated by the designation means corresponds to the location of the at least one checking point stored in the storage means.

According to the checking device described above, checking is performed by the simple operation of designating at least one checking point on the image. In the case of the input of a password, there is the great risk that a person who is unauthorized to use the pen input portable terminal can easily guess the password from the motions of the user's hands or the touch pen at the time of the input of the password. However, the present invention does not entail such a risk, since the location of any point designated on the image is checked. If mere coordinates on the display screen which is not displaying such an image are to be designated, there will be the great possibility that the user may forget where they are. In the present invention, however, since the checking point as registered is a point on the image, the user can easily remember its location and therefore can easily designate it.

According to the present invention, a plurality of images may be displayed sequentially. In this case, checking is performed by the simple operation of designating a checking point on each of the images displayed sequentially. In the case of the input of a password, there is the great risk 25 that a person who is unauthorized to use the pen input portable terminal can easily guess the password from the motions of the user's hands or the touch pen at the time of the input of the password. In the present invention, however, the locations of any points designated on the images

are checked. Therefore, the present invention does not entail such a risk. If mere coordinates on the display screen which is not displaying such an image are to be designated, there will be the great possibility that the user may forget where they are. In the present invention, however, since the 5 checking points as registered are points on the images, the user can easily remember their locations, and therefore can easily designate them.

Furthermore, according to the present invention, checking may be performed by the simple operation of selecting and designating a plurality of images which are displayed sequentially. In the case of the input of a 10 password, there is the great risk that a person who is unauthorized to use the pen input portable terminal can easily guess the password from the motions of the user's hands or the touch pen at the time of the input of the password. The present invention does not entail such a risk, since 15 checking is performed by selecting and designating the sequentially displayed images. If mere coordinates on the display screen which is not displaying such an image, there will be the great possibility that the user may forget where they are. The present invention does not have such a possibility, because the sequentially displayed images need only be selected and designated.

20

#### Brief Description of Drawings

Fig. 1A is a block diagram illustrating the structure of the pen input portable terminal which employs a checking device according to the first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 1B is a diagram, illustrating a display screen, for explaining 25 operations according to the first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a flowchart for explaining how the pen input portable terminal which employs the checking device of the first embodiment of the present invention operates;

Fig. 3A is a diagram showing a correspondence between an event and an image;

Fig. 3B is a diagram which illustrates an image location table;

Fig. 3C is a diagram for explaining a relationship between the size of 5 an image and a checking point on the image;

Fig. 3D is a diagram for explaining the location of the image origin;

Fig. 4A is a diagram which illustrates an image location table according to the second embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 4B is a diagram, illustrating the display screen, for explaining 10 operations according to the second embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 4C is a diagram which illustrates a check window table provided for each application in the third embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 5 is a flowchart for explaining how the pen input portable terminal which employs a checking device according to the second embodiment of 15 the present invention operates;

Fig. 6A is a diagram, illustrating variations of the display screen, for explaining operations according to the third embodiment of the present invention; and

Fig. 6B is a flowchart for explaining how the pen input portable terminal 20 which employs a checking device according to the third embodiment of the present invention operates.

#### Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

##### First Embodiment

Fig. 1A is a diagram showing the structure of the pen input portable 25 terminal employing the checking device according to the first embodiment of the present invention. In the illustration, reference numeral 10 denotes a CPU serving as a control section which controls the entirety of the pen input portable terminal. Reference numeral 12 represents an input

device which includes a touch panel, a touch pen, etc. The touch panel is arranged at the display screen of a display device 14 such as an LCD display, for example. Reference numeral 16 denotes a storage device like a hard disk, a ROM or the like which stores images to be displayed, for 5 example. Reference numeral 18 represents a RAM storing an image location table to be described later.

Reference numeral 20 denotes a storage medium control section which controls the storing and reading of data in and from a storage medium 22 such as a loaded floppy disk, an optical (magnetic) disk or the 10 like. Reference numeral 24 represents a communications control section which transfers and receives data to and from an external device through a communications line 26 (which may be a cable or radio waves).

Processing programs and data, etc., which the CPU 10 executes to work as the checking device, are stored in the storage device 16 or the 15 storage medium 22 in advance. Needless to say, however, they may not be in the storage device 16 or the storage medium 22, and may be received from any other device connected to the communications line 26 or the like, and then may be stored (in a non-illustrated work memory provided in the RAM 18, for example). Alternatively, any other device 20 connected to the communications line 26 or the like may include a storage unit or a storage medium, and the programs and data stored therein may be transferred therefrom through the communications line 26.

Operations according to the above-described structure will now be described.

25 According to the checking device of the first embodiment, as illustrated in Fig. 1B, the display screen 14A of the display device 14 displays an image 28 preset and stored in advance. When any points on the image 28 are designated by the touch pen of the input device 12, the checking

device determines whether the locations of the designated points coincide with those of points 28A and 28B preset and stored in advance, thereby determining whether checking is O.K. or N.G.

Fig. 2 is a flowchart showing such procedures. Either the storage 5 device 16 or the storage medium 22 stores programs for realizing the individual functions shown in the above flowchart, in the form of program codes readable by the CPU 10.

Fig. 3A illustrates a table which a user has preset and stored in the RAM 18 in advance. This table lists a plurality of events (the activation of 10 the pen input portable terminal and the activation of a specific application) and images (images A and B) in association with each other. First, the CPU 10 selects one of the images which corresponds to the current event from the table of Fig. 3A (step S10). After this, the CPU 10 sets the initial value "1" in both a rank register and an image ratio register, which are 15 included in the CPU 10 or the RAM 18 (step S12).

The user can select one or more checking points on each image (A and B) and store their locations beforehand in the image location table stored in the RAM 18 and illustrated in Fig. 3B. The value set in the rank register indicates the order of designation of the checking points. As 20 seen from Fig. 3B, the image location table stores, in association with each checking point, its location on the corresponding image and its rank in the designation order. The checking points' locations on the image are not relative coordinates from the origin (0, 0) which is located at the left corner of the image as shown in Fig. 3C (the relative coordinates of the 25 checking point which is first in rank is (w1, h1), for example), but the "ratio positions" which are expressed in the ratio of the relative coordinates from the origin (0, 0) to the dimensions, i.e., the width WA (or WB) and height HA (or HB) of the image. This is because the scale of such an image can

be freely increased or reduced. If the image scale is increased or reduced, variations will occur also in the points' locations (relative coordinates) from the origin. The ratio positions are adopted in view of such a possible change in the image scale. The value set in the image 5 ratio register indicates the display scale of a selected image.

After the selection of the image and the initialization of each register, the CPU 10 makes the display device 14 display the selected image so as to begin from the image origin and on the scale represented by the value set in the image ratio register (step S14). The coordinates of the image 10 origin are those from the display coordinates origin located at the upper left corner of the display screen 14A, and may be preset, prestored coordinates or may be randomly occurring coordinates.

Then the CPU 10 determines whether inputs have been made with the touch pen of the input device 12 (step S16). When the CPU 10 15 determines whether no inputs have been made, it updates the coordinates of the image origin, and alters the value set in the image ratio register (step S18), after which the CPU 10 returns to the step S14. As a result, the position and size of the image vary as shown by broken lines in Fig. 3D.

20 When the CPU 10 determines that inputs have been made with the touch pen, it attains the coordinates of the points designated by the touch pen (step S20), and derives the locations of the designated points from the attained coordinates (step S22). The location of each point can be derived by subtracting the coordinates of the image origin from the point's 25 coordinates. Then, the CPU 10 calculates the ratio positions of the designated points on the basis of the derived locations and the dimensions of the image (step S24). In the case of a point whose location is specified by  $(xs, ys)$ , for example, its ratio position is  $(xs/WA, ys/HA)$ . Having thus

calculated the ratio positions of the designated points, the CPU 10 compares the calculated ratio positions with those stored in the image location table and corresponding in rank to the calculated ratio positions (step S26), and determines whether any errors or differences between the 5 ratio positions as compared with each other are within a predetermined allowable range (step S28). When the CPU 10 determines that the errors are not within the allowable range, it generates an alarm and terminates processing (step S30).

When the CPU 10 determines that the errors are within the allowable 10 range, it refers to the image location table and determines whether the rank represented by the value set in the rank register is last or not (step S32). When the CPU 10 determines that the rank is not last, the CPU 10 updates (counts up) the value set in the rank register (step S34) and returns to the step S14.

15 When the CPU 10 determines that the rank is last, then it determines that checking is O.K., and activates the pen input portable terminal or the application (step S36).

Thus, an image registered in advance, not a password input screen, is displayed and it is checked whether each of the points predetermined on 20 the image has been designated by the touch pen. When it is determined that each of the predetermined points on the image has been designated by the touch pen, it is then determined that checking is O.K.

More specifically, the user selects a desired image in advance, and registers desired points on the image and their designation order in 25 advance. At the time the pen input portable terminal is initially activated upon turning on of the power, or at the time a specific application is activated, the selected image is displayed on the display screen, and the pen input portable terminal waits until any points on the displayed image

are designated by the touch pen (in this case, the display position and display size of the image are changed in order to enhance security).

When any points on the displayed image are designated by the touch pen, it is determined whether the ratio positions (not the display coordinates)

5 and designation order of the points coincide with those registered in advance. When it is determined that the ratio positions and designation order of the points coincide with those registered in advance, it is determined that checking is O.K., and then the terminal is rendered usable.

10 Thus, a troublesome input of a password is unnecessary. In the case of a password, there is the great risk that a person who is unauthorized to use the pen input portable terminal can easily guess the password from the motions of the user's hands or the touch pen at the time of the input of the password. In the present invention, however, the locations of the 15 checking points designated on the image are checked. Accordingly, the present invention does not entail such a risk.

Since the checking points are points on the image, the user can easily remember their locations (if mere coordinates on the display screen which is not displaying such an image are to be designated, there is the great 20 possibility that the user may forget their positions).

It is preferred that the display position and display size of the image be changed every time. (This will be helpful to enhance security. If the same point is designated again and again by the touch pen, the mark of the pen may be made on the display screen, which entails the possibility 25 that any other person can perceive the locations of the points registered in advance. If, however, the display position and display size of the image is changed every time, the locations of the points to be designated by the touch pen are not constant, with a great merit of the aforementioned

possibility being avoided.)

In the above embodiment, the ratio positions are set and stored in the image location table. Needless to say, however, the relative coordinates from the image origin can be stored therein in place of the ratio positions, if 5 the image size is not changed.

Updating the coordinates of the image origin and altering the value set in the image ratio register are both performed in the step S18 of the above-described embodiment. However, one of them may be performed in the step S18.

10

## Second Embodiment

The second embodiment of the present invention will now be described.

The structure of the pen input portable terminal, which employs the checking device of the second embodiment, will not be explained 15 hereinafter, since it is the same as that of the pen input portable terminal of the first embodiment. In the second embodiment, however, the image location table stored in the RAM 18 is as illustrated in Fig. 4A. More specifically, the image location table of the second embodiment stores, in association with each image window, its display position and its registered 20 coordinates.

Fig. 5 is a flowchart for explaining the operation of the pen input portable terminal employing the checking device of the second embodiment. The storage device 16 or the storage medium 22 stores the programs for realizing the individual functions shown in the above 25 flowchart, in the form of the program codes readable by the CPU 10.

According to the second embodiment, the CPU 10 selects the first image (image A) from the image location table (step S40). Then, the CPU 10 makes the display device 14 display the selected image as an

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image window in accordance with the corresponding display position stored in the image location table (step S42). The CPU 10 waits until any input is made with the touch pen of the input device 12 (step S44).

When the CPU 10 determines that any input has been made with the 5 touch pen, it attains the coordinates of the point designated by the touch pen (step S46), and derives the point's location from the attained coordinates in the same manner as that of the first embodiment (step S48). Then, the CPU 10 compares the derived location with that specified by the registered coordinates which the image location table stores in association 10 with the selected image (step S50), and determines whether an error or difference between both locations as compared with each other is within a predetermined allowable range (step S52). When the CPU 10 determines that the error is not within the allowable range, it generates an alarm and terminates processing (step S54).

15 When the CPU 10 determines that the error is within the allowable range, it refers to the image location table and determines whether the selected image is the last image or not (step S56). When the CPU 10 determines that the selected image is not the last image, the CPU 10 selects the next image (step S58), and returns to the step S42.

20 When the CPU 10 determines that the selected image is the last image, then it determines that checking is O.K., and activates the pen input portable terminal (step S60).

Thus, according to the second embodiment, a plurality of images preset and stored in advance are sequentially displayed in order to 25 perform checking, as illustrated in Fig. 4B. When it is detected during the display of the images that any points on the display screen have been designated, the locations of the designated points are compared with those stored in advance. When the locations of the designated points

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coincide with those stored in advance, it is determined that checking is O.K.

In the second embodiment, as well as in the case of the first embodiment, the display position and display size of the image window 5 can be changed every time. Needless to say, the ratio positions may be adopted in place of the registered coordinates.

### Third Embodiment

The third embodiment of the present invention will now be described.

The structure of the pen input portable terminal, which employs the  
10 checking device of the third embodiment, will not be explained hereinafter,  
because it is the same as that of the pen input portable terminal of the first  
embodiment.

In the third embodiment, however, the RAM 18 stores, not the image location table, but a checking window table provided for each application, 15 as illustrated in Fig. 4C. The checking window table stores a plurality of display icons and a registered icon in association with each window.

To be specific, when activating one application, a reference is made to the corresponding checking window table, and a plurality of icons are displayed in the head window as illustrated in Fig. 6A. When one of the 20 icons displayed in the head window is selected and designated, it is determined whether the designated icon is identical with a registered one. In the case where the designated icon is identical with it, the next window (window A) is displayed. When a registered icon is designated in the last window (window G), it is determined that checking is O.K.

25 In that case, it is preferred that the icons be related in content with each other. For example, icon "a" is the image of a mountain, icon "b" is the image of an ocean, icon "c" is the image of a forest, icon "d" is the image of an island, icon "e" is the image of Mt. Everest, icon "f" is the

image of Mt. Fuji, icon "g" is the image of Mt. Kilimanjaro, and icon "h" is the image of Mt. Etna. Icon "i" is the image of Mt. Vesuvius, icon "j" is the image of Mt. Elbert, and icon "k" is the image of Mt. Cleveland.

Fig. 6B is a flowchart for explaining the above-described operation of the pen input portable terminal employing the checking device according to the third embodiment. The storage device 16 or the storage medium 22 stores the programs for realizing the individual functions shown in the above flowchart, in the form of the program codes readable by the CPU 10.

10 To be specific, according to the third embodiment, the CPU 10 selects the head window from the corresponding checking window table (step S70), and makes the display device 14 display icons in the selected window (step S72). The CPU 10 waits until any icon is designated with the touch pen of the input device 12 (step S74).

15 When any icon is designated with the touch pen, then the CPU 10 refers to the check window table and determines whether the designated icon is the registered icon which the check window table stores in association with the selected window (step S76). When the designated icon is not the registered icon, the CPU 10 generates an alarm and 20 terminates processing (step S78).

When the designated icon is the registered icon, the CPU 10 refers to the checking window table and determines whether the currently selected window is the last window (step S80). When the currently selected window is not the last window, the CPU 10 selects the next window (step 25 S82), and returns to the step S72.

When the currently selected window is the last window (window G), the CPU 10 determines that checking is O.K., and activates the corresponding application (step S84).

Explained in the first to third embodiments is the case where the checking device is applied to the pen input portable terminal. However, the present invention is not limited thereto, and the checking device is applicable also to any other information equipment such as a personal computer, etc.

## CLAIMS

1. A checking device for checking an operator, comprising:  
storage means (16,18) for storing in advance an image and a location  
of at least one checking point set to said image;  
5 display means (14), having a display screen, for displaying said image;  
designation means (12,14) for designating any point on the display  
screen of said display means (14); and  
checking control means (10) for making said display means (14)  
display said image stored in said storage means (16,18) in order to check  
10 the operator, detecting that any point on the display screen of said display  
means has been designated by said designation means (12,14), and  
determining that checking is O.K. when a location of the point designated  
by said designation means corresponds to the location of said at least one  
50 checking point stored in said storage means (16,18).

15 2. The checking device according to claim 1, wherein based on the  
location of the designated point on said display screen and a display  
position of said image displayed on said display means (14), said checking  
control means (10) locates the designated point on said image displayed  
on said display screen, and determines that checking O.K. when the  
20 designated point's location on said image corresponds to the location of  
said at least one checking point stored in said storage means.

3. The checking device according to claim 1, wherein said storage  
means (16,18) stores the location of said at least one checking point as  
relative coordinates on said image.

4. The checking device according to claim 1, wherein the location of said at least one checking point stored in said storage means (16,18) and the location of the designated point detected by said checking control means (10) are ratio positions each being expressed in a ratio of relative 5 coordinates on said image to dimensions of said image.

5. The checking device according to claim 1, wherein:  
said storage means (16,18) stores locations of a plurality of checking points set to said image and a designation order in which said plurality of checking points are to be designated by said designation means (12,14);  
10 and

said checking control means (10) detects that any points on said display screen have been designated by said designation means (12,14), and determines that checking is O.K. when locations and designation order of the points designated by said designation means (12,14) 15 correspond to the locations and designation order of said plurality of checking points stored in said storage means (16,18).

6. The checking device according to claim 1, wherein said storage means (16,18) stores said image and said at least one checking point for each of programs to be activated.

20 7. A checking device for checking an operator, comprising:  
storage means (16,18) for storing, in advance, images and locations of a plurality of checking points set to said images;  
display means (14), having a display screen, for displaying said images;  
25 designation means (12,14) for designating any points on the display

screen of said display means (14); and

15 checking control means (10) for making said display means (14) sequentially display said images stored in said storage means (16,18) in order to check the operator, detecting that any points on the display screen of said display means (14) have been designated by said designation means (12,14), and determining that checking is O.K. when locations of the points designated by said designation means (12,14) correspond to the locations of said plurality of checking points stored in said storage means (16,18).

20 8. The checking device according to claim 7, wherein said checking control means (10) makes said display means (14) display said images sequentially, and when said checking control means (10), while said display means (14) is displaying one of said images, detects that a point on said display screen has been designated by said designation means (12,14) and determines that the location of the designated point corresponds to the location of one of said plurality of checking points which has been set to said one image, said checking control means (10) makes said display means (14) display a next one of said images.

9. A checking device for checking an operator, comprising:  
20 sequential display means (14) for sequentially displaying display images each being associated with one of predetermined designating operations;  
designating operation means (12,14) for performing designating operations with respect to said display images sequentially displayed on

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said sequential display means (14); and

determination means (10) for determining whether the designating operations performed by said designating operation means (12,14) are appropriate, depending on whether the designating operations performed 5 by said designating operation means (12,14) correspond to said predetermined designating operations.

10. The checking device according to claim 9, wherein:

said display images are window images;  
said sequential display means (14) displays said window images in an 10 a state of overlapping one another; and  
when said determination means (10) determines that a designating operation, which said designating operation means (12,14) performs with respect to one of said window images, corresponds to one of said predetermined operations, said sequential display means (14) displays a 15 next one of said window images.

11. The checking device according to claim 9, wherein said display images are window images, and the designating operations performed by said designating operation are operations to select and designate icons which are displayed in said window images.

20 12. The checking device according to claim 9, wherein said display images are window images, and the designating operations performed by said designating operation means (12,14) are operations to designate any points on images which are displayed in said window images.

13. A recording medium (16,20,22,24,26) having a program stored

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therein, said program being readable by a computer and containing instructions to make the computer check an operator by steps of:

storing in advance an image and a location of at least one checking point set to said image;

5 displaying said image as stored;

detecting that any point on a display screen has been designated, and determining that checking is O.K. when a location of the designated point corresponds to the location of said at least one checking point as stored.

14. A recording medium (16,20,22,24,26) having a program stored 10 therein, said program being readable by a computer and containing instructions to make the computer check an operator by steps of:

storing, in advance, images and locations of a plurality of checking points set to said images;

15 sequentially displaying said images as stored, detecting that any points on a display screen have been designated during a display of said window images, and determining that checking is O.K. when locations of the designated points correspond to the locations of said plurality of checking points as stored.

15. A recording medium (16,20,22,24,26) having a program stored 20 therein, said program being readable by a computer and containing instructions to make the computer check an operator by steps of:

sequentially displaying display images each being associated with one of predetermined designating operations; and

25 determining whether designating operations performed with respect to said display images displayed sequentially are appropriate, depending on whether the designating operations correspond to said predetermined

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designating operations.

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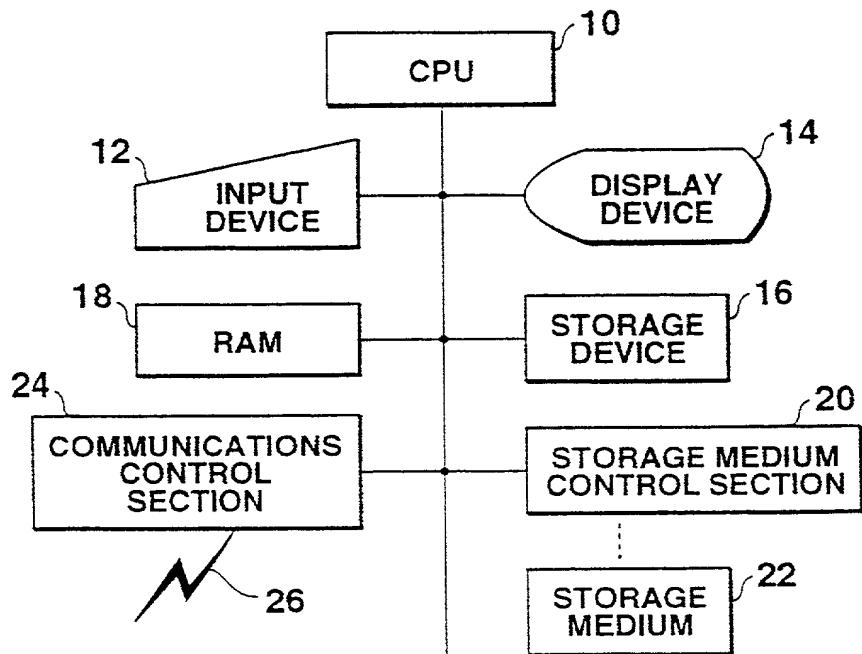


FIG.1A

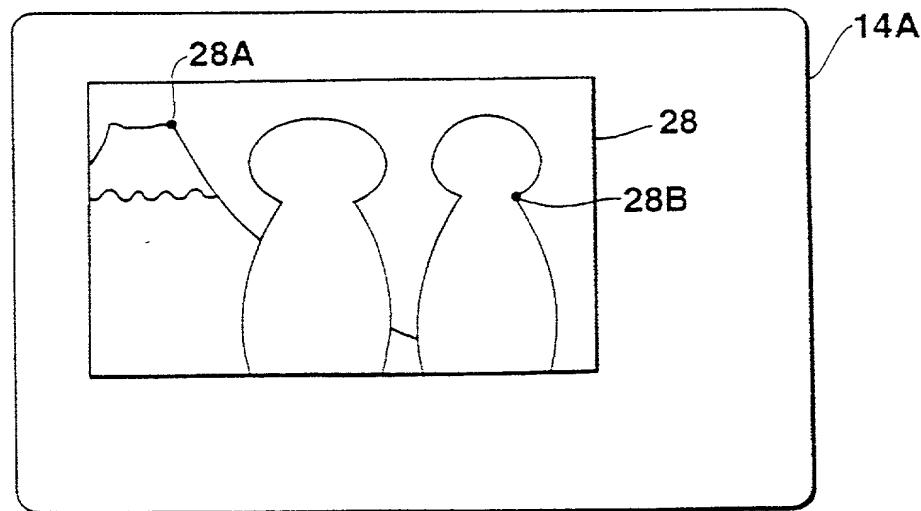


FIG.1B

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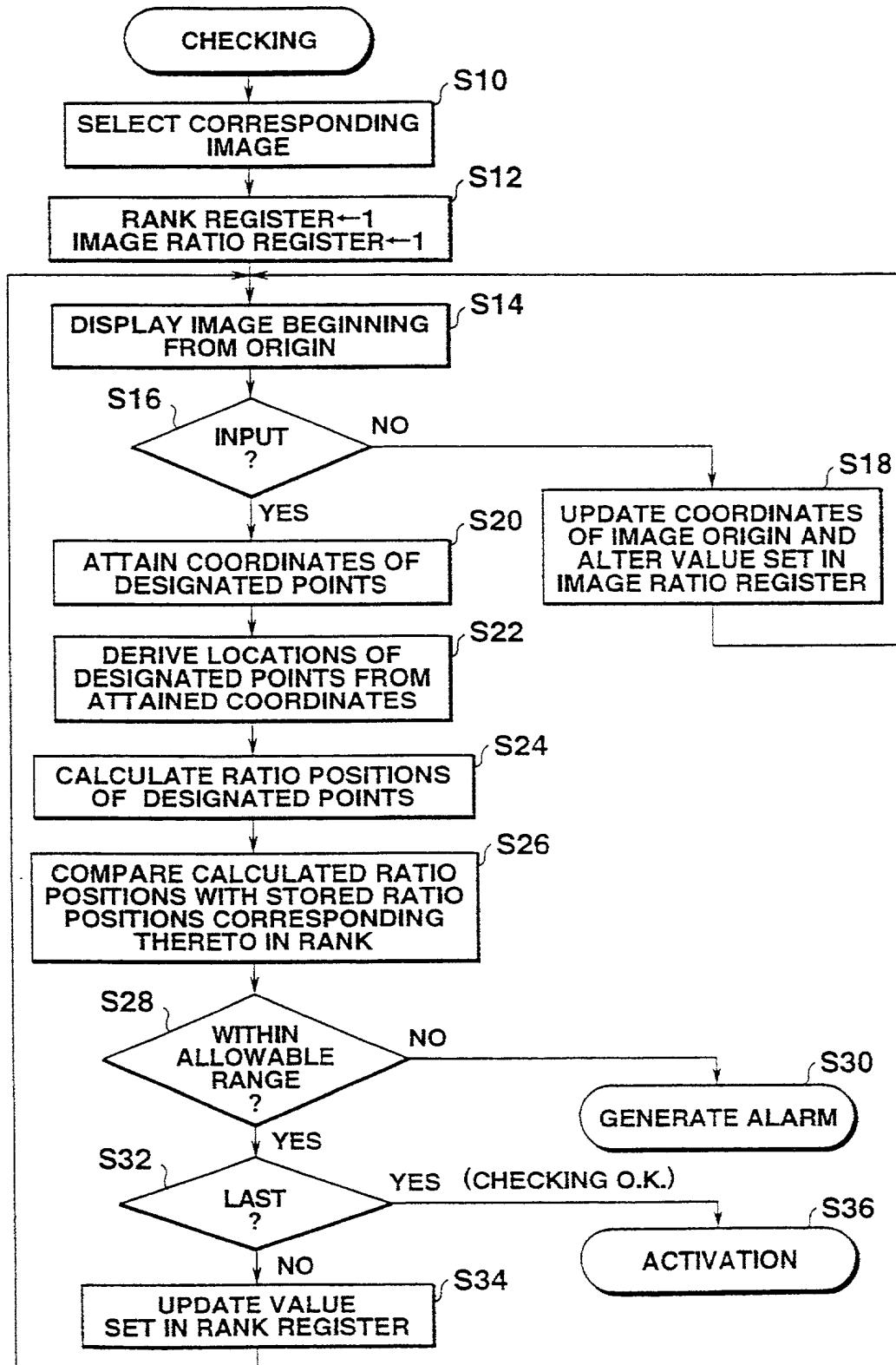


FIG.2

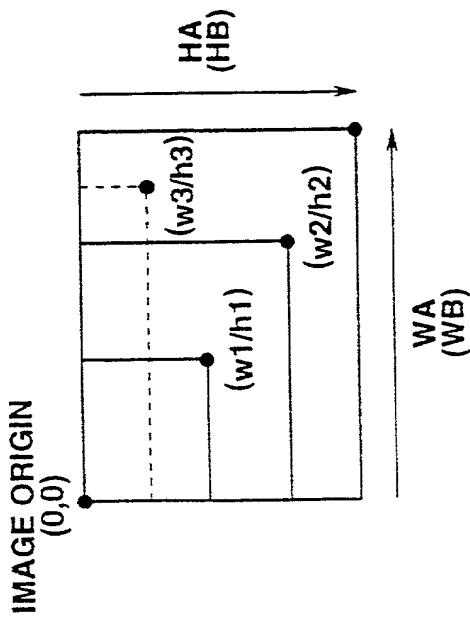


FIG.3A

ACTIVATION OF TERMINAL	IMAGE A
ACTIVATION OF SPECIFIC APPLICATION	IMAGE B

	RATIO POSITION	RANK
IMAGE A	(w1/WA) (h1/HA)	1
	(w2/WA) (h2/HA)	2
	(w3/WA) (h3/HA)	LAST
IMAGE B	w4/WB , h4/WB	LAST

FIG.3C

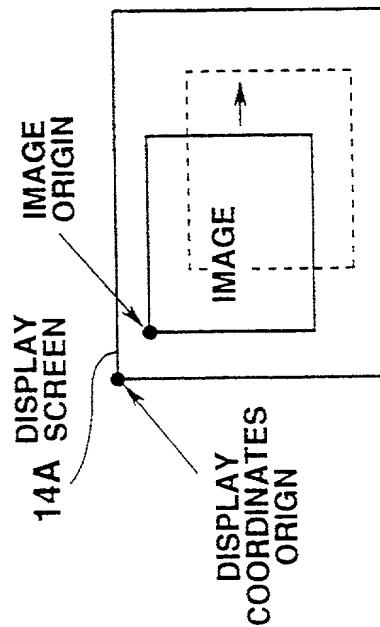


FIG.3D

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IMAGE WINDOW	DISPLAY POSITION	REGISTERED COORDINATES
IMAGE A		
IMAGE B		
IMAGE C		

FIG.4A

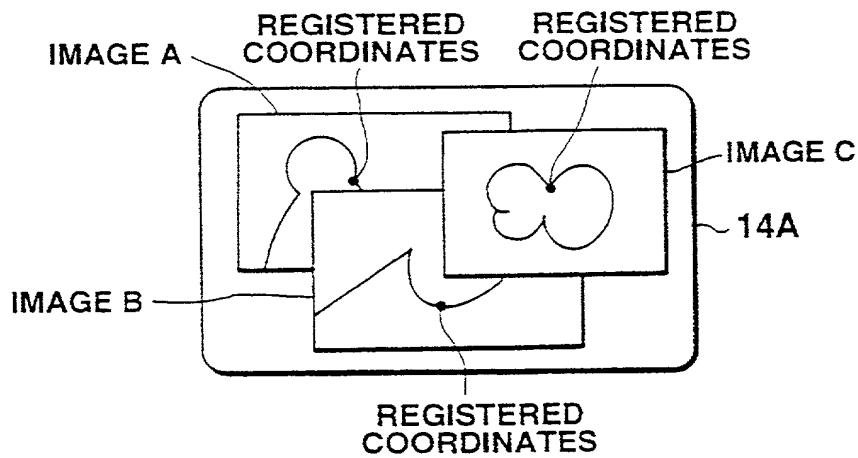


FIG.4B

NAME OF WINDOW	DISPLAY ICON	REGISTERED ICON
HEAD WINDOW	a,b,c,d	a
WINDOW A	e,f,g,h	g
WINDOW G	i, j, k	i

FIG.4C

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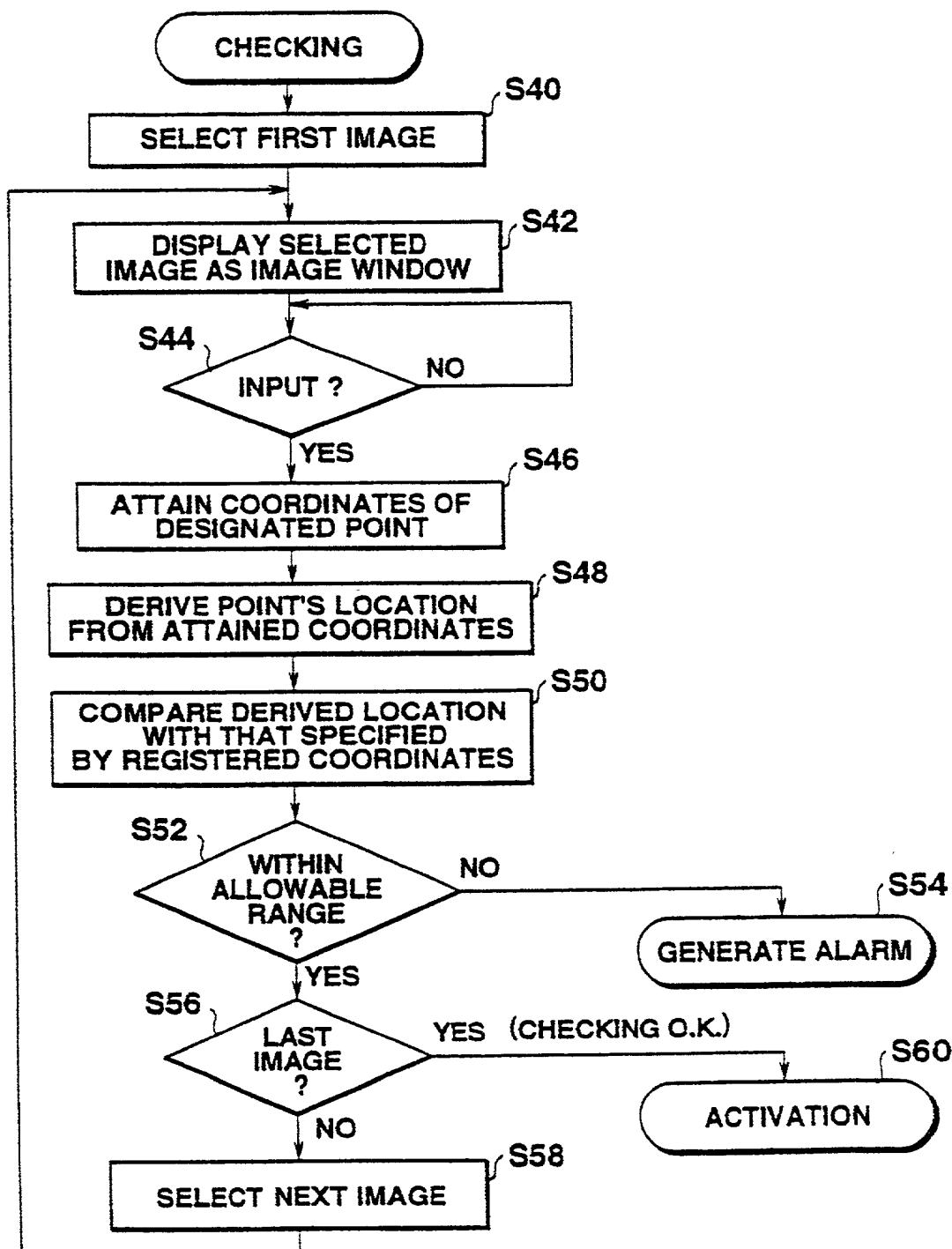


FIG.5

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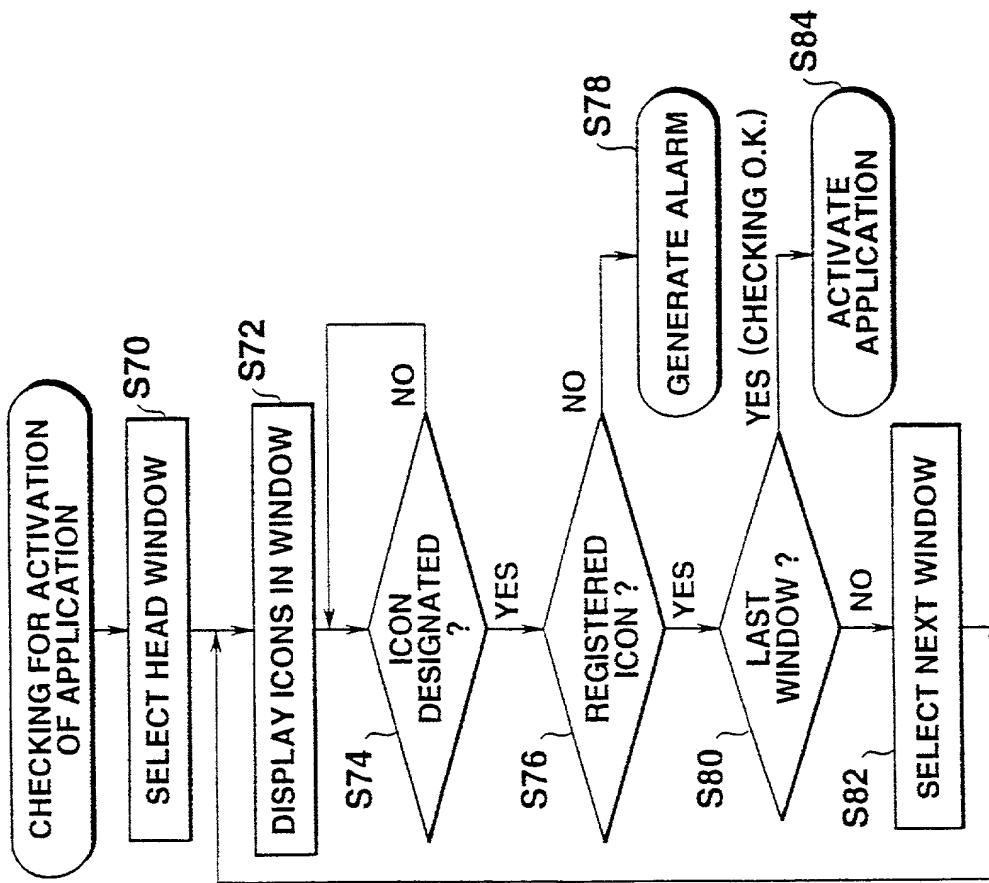


FIG. 6B

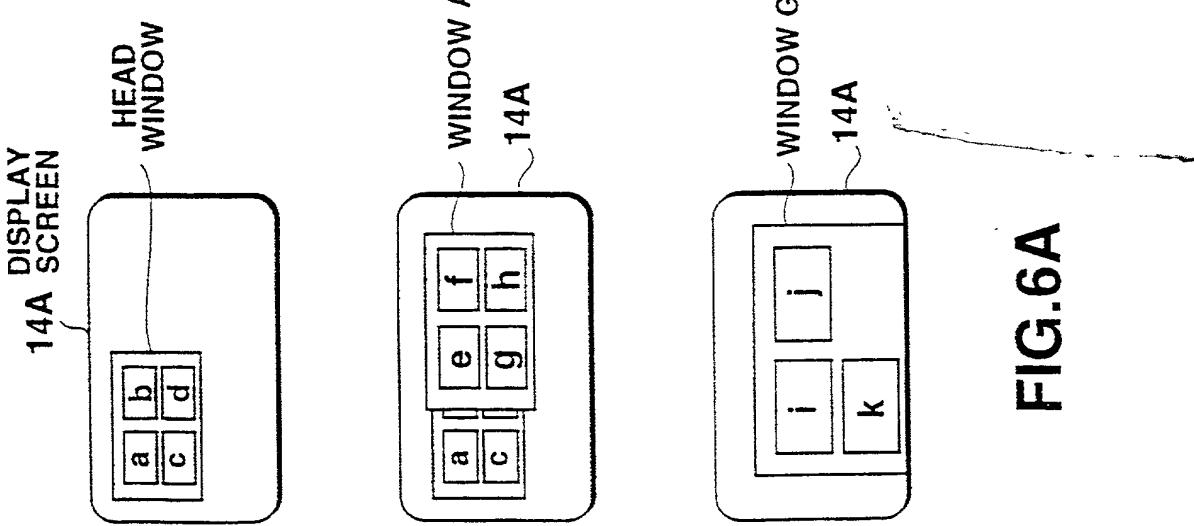


FIG. 6A

**APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT**

**PCT Declaration and Power of Attorney (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4))**  
**PCT Application - United States Designated Office**

As a below named inventor, I declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; I believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

I have reviewed and understand the contents of said specification, including claims.  
I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR §1.56.

I claim priority benefits under 35 USC §119 of: (i) any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below; or (ii) any United States provisional application(s) listed below; and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application(s) on which priority is claimed.

COUNTRY	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE (day, month, year)	PRIORITY CLAIMED
JAPAN	9-291107	23, 10, 1997	yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no _____
			yes _____ no _____
			yes _____ no _____
			yes _____ no _____

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

*a* I appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office connected therewith: Stephen H. Frishauf, Reg. No. 16,233; Leonard Holtz, Reg. No. 22,974; Herbert Goodman, Reg. No. 17,081; Thomas Langer, Reg. No. 27,264; Marshall J. Chick, Reg. No. 26,853; Walter J. Baum, Reg. No. 20,641; Richard S. Barth, Reg. No. 28,180; Douglas Holtz, Reg. No. 33,902; and Robert P. Michal, Reg. No. 35,614.

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Sign:	Date:	Residence: (City & Country)		
Type:	Citizen of:	Post Office Address:		
Sign:	Date:	Residence: (City & Country)		
Type:	Citizen of:	Post Office Address:		